The Software Development Process

Software is usually developed in a process involving the following stages:
- Analysis and specification
- Design
- Implementation
- Testing and debugging
- Maintenance

Analysis and Specification

- **Analyze the Problem**: Figure out exactly the problem to be solved. Try to understand it as much as possible.
- **Determine Specifications**: Describe exactly what your program will do.
  - Don’t worry about how the program will work, but what it will do.
  - This includes describing the inputs, outputs, and how they relate to one another.

Design

**Create a Design:**
- Formulate the overall structure of the program.
- This is where the how of the program gets worked out.
- You choose or develop your own algorithm that meets the specifications.
Implementation

Implement the Design:
• Translate the design into a computer language.
• AKA “coding”
• In this course we will use C++.

Testing and Debugging

Test/Debug the Program:
• Try out your program to see if it worked.
• If there are any errors (bugs), they need to be located and fixed. This process is called debugging.
• Your goal is to find errors, so try everything that might “break” your program!

Maintenance

Maintain the Program:
• Continue developing the program in response to the needs of your users.
• In the real world, most programs are never completely finished – they evolve over time.

Example Program: Temperature Converter

• Analysis – the temperature is given in Celsius, user wants it expressed in degrees Fahrenheit.
• Specification:
  – Input – temperature in Celsius
  – Output – temperature in Fahrenheit
  – Output = 9/5(input) + 32
Example Program: Temperature Converter

- **Design:**
  - Input, Process, Output (IPO)
  - Prompt the user for input (Celsius temperature)
  - Process it to convert it to Fahrenheit using \( F = \frac{9}{5}(C) + 32 \)
  - Output the result by displaying it on the screen

Example Program: Temperature Converter

- **Pseudocode:**
  - Input the temperature in degrees Celsius (call it celsius)
  - Calculate fahrenheit as \( (9/5)celsius+32 \)
  - Output fahrenheit
- **Now we need to convert this to C++!**

```cpp
// convert.cpp
// A program to convert Celsius temps to Fahrenheit

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    float celsius, fahrenheit;
    cout << "What is the Celsius temperature? ";
    cin >> celsius;
    fahrenheit = (9/5) * celsius + 32;
    cout << "The temperature is " << fahrenheit
    " degrees Fahrenheit." << endl;
    return 0;
}
```
Example Program: Temperature Converter

- Once we write a program, we should test it!

  jillseaman$ ./a.out
  What is the Celsius temperature? 0
  The temperature is 32 degrees Fahrenheit.

  jillseaman$ ./a.out
  What is the Celsius temperature? 100
  The temperature is 132 degrees Fahrenheit.

- The first result is correct, but the second case should give 212 degrees Fahrenheit.
  What caused this error?